

APPENDIX TABLE 1. Overview of SMART program activities

Type of activity	Target audience	Timing/frequency	Purpose	Key family planning–related content
ANTENATAL Home visits for pregnant women	Pregnant women	≥once per week	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •Remind about nutrition class •Review messages of the month •Remind about ANC visits at health facility •More attention given to women who are primiparous and those with risky pregnancies who may receive more frequent visits 	Importance of family planning and breastfeeding discussed
Nutrition classes	Pregnant women (their mothers are also invited)	Weekly	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •Provide instruction on various MNCH topics •Food demonstration •One of 12 classes focuses on family planning •Classes conducted separately for primiparous and multiparous women •Physician invited to respond to pregnant women’s questions •Review messages of the month 	Family planning session covers the importance of family planning, methods and timing, and location of services
Seminars	Pregnant women	Monthly	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •CHW explains program, discusses past experiences and gains input 	A set of messages were developed to be highlighted each month, including the importance of child spacing and contraceptive options
Home visits for mothers-in-law	Mothers-in-law	Once, at the beginning of SMART program	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •CHW explains program, discusses past experiences and gains input 	Includes questions about knowledge/perceptions regarding contraceptive use, birthspacing and reproductive intentions
POSTPARTUM First-week visits	Postpartum women	Twice, on the second and the seventh days postpartum (three visits, if special concerns arise)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •Reminder about postpartum/postnatal care visits at health facility •Weigh the child •Check for danger signs in mother and child •Emphasize exclusive breast-feeding and the importance of colostrum •Refer to primary health care for hemoglobin check and thyroid test for the child 	Importance of timely family planning uptake and contraceptive options discussed during second visit on the seventh day after birth
One-month visit	Postpartum women	One month postpartum	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •Discuss postpartum/postnatal care •Counsel on family planning •Check for danger signs 	Check whether mother is using a family planning method; discuss importance of timely uptake

Additional visits	Primiparous women and those with a risky pregnancy	Six visits (every two months)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •Identify danger signs •Answering mother's questions •Emphasize exclusive breast-feeding •Check for danger signs 	Discuss importance of using a modern family planning method; discuss contraceptive options
Nutrition classes	Mothers and their children	Weekly for 12 weeks beginning six months postpartum	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •Discuss topics related to child nutrition and child care •Food demonstrations 	Breast-feeding and LAM
Family seminars	Mothers, husbands and their children	Monthly	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •Review 12 main MNCH messages 	Family planning is one of the main messages—emphasizes spacing between pregnancies and use of family planning methods
CROSS-CUTTING Gender group meeting	Husbands	Monthly	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •Engage men in MNCH; share key MNCH messages •Discuss decision making and couple/family communication to achieve health goals 	Family planning introduced within gender messages, including importance of birthspacing and use of family planning
Community members and stakeholders group meeting	Community members/leaders and stakeholders	Monthly	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •Discuss MNCH in the community •Update on SMART activities including challenges faced •Discuss role of stakeholders in supporting SMART activities 	Discuss family planning (emphasize that Muslim religion supports using family planning) and importance of child spacing
Mothers-in-law group meeting	Mothers-in-law	Monthly	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •Discuss how daughter-in-law is doing •Identify strategies for providing support for recommended practices 	Discuss family planning and the importance of child spacing
Service provider training	Obstetrician/gynecologists, other physicians and nurses	Five days' training followed by quarterly meeting for update	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •Reinforce early (first-trimester) and frequent (≥4) ANC visits •Improve the quality of ANC interventions delivered by private providers, including provision of tetanus toxoid vaccine and counseling pregnant women about danger signs, birth preparedness, essential newborn care, breast-feeding and complementary feeding, postnatal care and family planning •Promote healthy diet during and after pregnancy 	Reinforce the importance of postpartum family planning at facility and at community levels, and of providing counseling not only to women, but also to their husband, their mother-in-law and important members of the community, such as religious leaders

Pharmacist training	Private pharmacists	One-day orientation followed by visits to provide IEC materials	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •Train on MNCH/family planning messages, including the importance of taking iron/folic acid tablets and completing regular ANC visits during pregnancy, and the benefits of exclusive breast-feeding 	Benefits of postpartum family planning
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Notes: ANC=antenatal care. MNCH=maternal, neonatal and child health. CHW=community health worker. LAM=lactational amenorrhea method. IEC=information, education and communication.