#### **ADDING IT UP**

# **Investing in Sexual and Reproductive Health in Northern Africa**

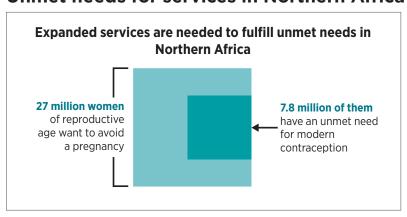


The Adding It Up study examines the need for, impact of and cost of fully investing in sexual and reproductive health care—services that together ensure people can decide whether and when to have children, experience safe pregnancy and delivery, have healthy newborns, and have a safe and satisfying sexual life.

WHO: Women of reproductive age (15-49) in six low- and middle-income countries (LMICs)\* in Northern Africa in 2019

WHAT: Contraceptive services, maternal care, newborn care, abortion services and treatment for the major curable STIs

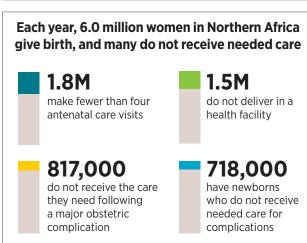
#### Unmet needs for services in Northern Africa



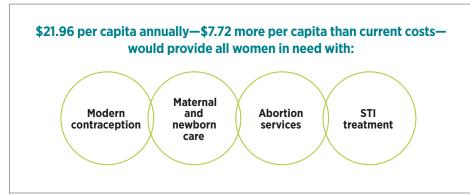
Lack of high-quality sexual and reproductive health care puts women at risk.

- 2.1 million have abortions in unsafe conditions
- 6,800 die from causes related to pregnancy and childbirth
- 5.2 million do not receive the treatment they need for chlamydia, gonorrhea, syphilis and trichomoniasis

Among women who want to avoid a pregnancy, unmet need is higher for adolescents aged 15-19 than for all women aged 15-49 (54% versus 29%).



# Cost of meeting all service needs in Northern Africa



Every \$1 spent on contraceptive services beyond the current level would save \$4.75 in maternal, newborn and abortion care because contraception reduces the number of unintended pregnancies.

<sup>\*</sup> Countries classified by the World Bank as having a 2018 gross national income per capita of \$12,375 or less. LMICs in this subregion are Algeria, Egypt, Libya, Morocco, Sudan, and Tunisia.

## Impacts of expanding and improving services

# Investing in sexual and reproductive health care in Northern Africa would greatly reduce risks for women and newborns

	Annual no. at current levels - of care	Annual no. - if all needs = are met	No. averted = if all needs are met	% change if all needs are met
Unintended pregnancies	5.0 million	1.5 million	3.6 million	-71%
Unplanned births	1.5 million	0.5 million	1.1 million	-70%
Unsafe abortions	2.1 million	0.6 million	1.5 million	-71%
Maternal deaths	6,800	2,400	4,400	-65%
Newborn deaths	95,000	33,000	62,000	-66%
HIV infections in babies ≤6 weeks	550	40	510	-93%
Cases of infertility caused by untreated STIs	94,000	0	94,000	-100%

Notes: Based on 2019 data. Numbers are rounded. Percentage change was calculated from unrounded data.

For additional detail, see appendix to the full report at https://www.guttmacher.org/report/adding-it-up-investing-in-sexual-reproductive-health-2019.

### Investing for the future

- → The interventions that make up the recommended care have proven feasible to implement in diverse settings around the world.
- → Investing in them provides national and local governments, the private sector and international development partners with good value for money.
- → By saving lives and improving women's health and well-being, sexual and reproductive health care benefits individuals and families and contributes to countries' social and economic development. Such care would also enable people to exercise their sexual and reproductive rights.

#### Source

The information in this fact sheet can be found in Sully EA et al., Adding It Up: Investing in Sexual and Reproductive Health 2019, New York: Guttmacher Institute, 2020.

#### Acknowledgments

This fact sheet was made possible by UK Aid from the UK Government and grants from the Bill & Melinda Gates Foundation, The Children's Investment Fund Foundation and the Dutch Ministry of Foreign Affairs. The findings and conclusions contained within are those of the authors and do not necessarily reflect positions or policies of the donors.



Good reproductive health policy starts with credible research

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