

Table 5. Among 15–19-year-old women, contraceptive failure rates for use of male condoms or emergency contraceptive pills with another method, costs at one and five years and five-year savings over use of no method, by source of payment

Dual method use	Combined failure rate (%)	Private sector			Public sector		
		1-year costs	5-year costs	5-year savings	1-year costs	5-year costs	5-year savings
Male condom with*							
Cervical cap	2.55	\$334	\$1,270	\$4,488	\$183	\$ 715	\$2,364
Diaphragm	2.25	318	1,226	4,532	178	697	2,382
Implant	0.03	923	1,343	4,415	467	720	2,359
Injectable	0.03	396	1,798	3,960	240	1,087	1,992
Oral contraceptives	0.52	443	1,882	3,876	304	1,322	1,757
Periodic abstinence	2.90	188	855	4,903	85	382	2,697
Spermicides	3.04	283	1,243	4,515	158	693	2,386
Sponge	2.55	282	1,236	4,522	139	610	2,469
Withdrawal	2.13	178	812	4,946	80	361	2,718
Emergency contraception with†							
Cervical cap	13.70	482	1,950	3,808	308	1,287	1,792
Diaphragm	10.15	429	1,736	4,022	284	1,185	1,894
Female condom	6.46	489	2,223	3,535	215	977	2,102
Male condom	4.30	249	1,131	4,627	128	582	2,497
Periodic abstinence	10.18	381	1,731	4,027	247	1,120	1,959
Spermicides	11.99	447	1,984	3,774	288	1,286	1,793
Sponge	13.70	470	2,089	3,669	283	1,262	1,817
Withdrawal	8.51	361	1,640	4,118	237	1,074	2,005

*For methodology, see P. Kestelman and J. Trussell, "Efficacy of the Simultaneous Use of Condoms and Spermicides," *Family Planning Perspectives*, 23:226–227 & 232, 1991. †For methodology, see J. Trussell et al., 1997, reference 9.