

**TABLE 2. Percentage of women treated for abortion complications who experienced negative social and economic consequences, by selected measures, Uganda, 2011–2012**

Measure	First interview		Second interview
	Negative consequences for children‡ (N=666)	Loss of productivity (N=1,047)	Deterioration in economic circumstances (N=420)
<b>All</b>	59.8	72.7	33.8
<b>PRIMARY INDEPENDENT VARIABLES</b>			
<b>No. of nights at facility</b>			
0	52.4*	60.8***	20.5***
1	66.5	76.1	46.2
≥2	59.0	79.4	35.0
<b>Postabortion care expenses</b>			
Low	55.4†	67.3	26.5
High	61.3	76.5	38.7
<b>WOMEN'S CHARACTERISTICS</b>			
<b>Age</b>			
≤19	91.9***	67.5†	27.6
20–29	62.4	73.4	35.6
≥30	50.8	76.3	36.7
<b>No. of living children</b>			
0	na	66.1**	26.8†
1–2	68.7***	76.2	34.6
≥3	49.1	77.2	40.1
<b>Marital status</b>			
Not married	51.0*	64.7***	26.3*
Married	61.5	78.4	38.3
<b>Attending school</b>			
No	58.4	75.3**	36.8*
Yes	62.5	63.5	24.3
<b>Educational attainment</b>			
≤primary	60.1	77.0**	38.7†
>primary	59.3	69.6	29.5
<b>Residence</b>			
Rural	59.9	73.5	32.4
Urban	57.1	71.4	36.0
<b>Wealth</b>			
Poorest	64.0†	74.0	35.8
Middle	56.4	72.6	32.5
Wealthiest	51.9	70.6	32.6

\*p<.05. \*\*p<.01. \*\*\*p<.001. †p<.10. ‡Among respondents with children. Notes: Results of significance tests refer to differences across subgroups. na=not applicable.